Listing of Claims:

- 1. 3. (Cancelled)
- 4. (Currently Amended) A method of <u>inducing apotosis of and TSP-1 activity in a vascular endothelial cell of a subject in need thereof inhibiting angiogenesis in a subject in need thereof, comprising applying onto the skin of said subject contacting the vascular endothelial cell of said subject with a composition comprising at least one active ingredient selected from a group of crude drugs consisting of da zao (*Zizyphus jujuba* Miller var. inermis Rehder) extract, roman chamomile (*Anthemis nobilis* Linne) extract, coicis semen (*Coix lacryma-jobi* Linne var. ma-yuen Stapf) extract, and silk (*Bombyx mori* Linnaeus) extract.</u>
 - 5. (Cancelled).
 - 6. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 4, wherein:

the at least one active ingredient for inhibiting angiogenesis is composition comprises da zao (*Zizyphus jujuba* Miller var. inermis Rehder) extract, and

the da zao (*Zizyphus jujuba* Miller var. inermis Rehder) extract is present in the amount of 0.0001 to 20.0 by mass % as a dry substance based on a total weight of the composition.

- 7. (Cancelled)
- 8. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 4, wherein:

the at least one active ingredient for inhibiting angiogenesis is composition comprises roman chamomile (*Anthemis nobilis* Linne) extract, and

the roman chamomile (*Anthemis nobilis* Linne) extract is present in the amount of 0.0001 to 20.0 by mass % as a dry substance based on a total weight of the composition.

9. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 4, wherein: the composition further comprises chlorella (*Chlorella vulgaris* Chick) extract, and the chlorella (*Chlorella vulgaris* Chick) extract is present in the amount of 0.0001 to 20.0 by mass % as a dry substance based on a total weight of the composition.

10. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 4, wherein:

the at least one active ingredient for inhibiting angiogenesis is composition comprises coicis semen (*Coix lacryma-jobi* Linne var. *ma-yuen* Stapf) extract, and

the coicis semen (*Coix lacryma-jobi* Linne var. *ma-yuen* Stapf) extract is present in the amount of 0.0001 to 20.0 by mass % as a dry substance based on a total weight of the composition.

11. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 4, wherein:

the at least one active ingredient for inhibiting angiogenesis is composition comprises silk (*Bombyx mori* Linnaeus), and

the silk (*Bombyx mori* Linnaeus) is present in the amount of 0.0001 to 20.0 by mass % as a dry substance based on a total weight of the composition.

- 12-18. (Cancelled).
- 19. (Currently Amended) A method of inducing apotosis of and TSP-1 activity in a vascular endothelial cell in need thereof for inhibiting angiogenesis in a subject in need thereof, comprising the step of applying onto the skin of said subject contacting the vascular endothelial cell with a composition, the composition comprising chlorella (*Chlorella vulgaris* Chick) extract.
- 20. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 19, wherein the composition further comprises da zao (*Zizyphus jujuba* Miller var. inermis Rehder) extract, the da zao (*Zizyphus jujuba* Miller var. inermis Rehder) extract being present in the amount of 0.0001 to 20.0 by mass % as a dry substance based on a total weight of the composition.
- 21. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 19, wherein the composition further comprises silk (*Bombyx mori* Linnaeus) extract, the silk (*Bombyx mori* Linnaeus) extract being present in the amount of 0.0001 to 20.0 by mass % as a dry substance based on a total weight of the composition.
- 22. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 19, wherein the composition further comprises ginseng (*Panax ginseng* C. A. Meyer) extract, the ginseng (*Panax ginseng* C. A.

Meyer) extract being present in the amount of 0.0001 to 20.0 by mass % as a dry substance based on a total weight of the composition.

- 23. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 19, wherein the composition further comprises roman chamomile (*Anthemis nobilis* Linne) extract, the roman chamomile (*Anthemis nobilis* Linne) extract being present in the amount of 0.0001 to 20.0 by mass % as a dry substance based on a total weight of the composition.
- 24. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 19, wherein the composition further comprises coicis semen (*Coix lacryma-jobi* Linne var. *ma-yuen* Stapf) extract, the coicis semen (*Coix lacryma-jobi* Linne var. *ma-yuen* Stapf) extract being present in the amount of 0.0001 to 20.0 by mass % as a dry substance based on a total weight of the composition.
- 25. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 19, wherein the chlorella (*Chlorella vulgaris* Chick) extract is present in the amount of 0.0001 to 20.0 by mass % as a dry substance based on a total weight of the composition.
- 26. (New) The method of claim 4, wherein the at least one of da zao (*Zizyphus jujuba* Miller var. inermis Rehder) extract, roman chamomile (*Anthemis nobilis* Linne) extract coicis semen (*Coix lacryma-jobi* Linne var. ma-yuen Stapf) extract, and silk (*Bombyx mori* Linnaeus) extract is extracted using a solvent comprising one or more of water, methanol, ethanol, propylene glycol, 1,3-butylene glycol, and glycerin, hydrous alcohols, chloroform, dichloroethane, carbon tetrachloride, acetone, ethyl acetate, and hexane.
- 27. (New) The method of claim 19, wherein the chlorella (*Chlorella vulgaris* Chick) extract is extracted using a solvent comprising one or more of water, methanol, ethanol, propylene glycol, 1,3-butylene glycol, and glycerin, hydrous alcohols, chloroform, dichloroethane, carbon tetrachloride, acetone, ethyl acetate, and hexane.